

# THE WAR CRY



AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

International Headquarters:  
101 Queen Victoria St., London, E.C.

William Booth, Founder.

Canada East Headquarters:  
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Bramwell Booth, General.

TORONTO, SEPTEMBER 1, 1917.

W. J. Richards, Commissioner.

Price Three Cents



## HOPELESSLY HANDICAPPED

But there is Salvation from Sin and Deliverance from Every Evil Habit for All—Seek It Now!







# DEVOTION SUNSHINE DISPEL SOCIAL SHADOWS

## Bravely Seized Opportunities

SORROW BANISHED BY WHOLE-HEARTED DEVOTION TO  
NEW SERVICE FOR "OTHERS"

Brief Sketches of the Careers of Mrs. Brigadier Potter and Mrs. Brigadier Green

At this time, a brief sketch of the careers of two comrades will be of special interest.

Mrs. Brigadier Potter hails from Massachusetts, U.S.A., but was converted in The Salvation Army at Braintree, Minnesota, on New Year's those days, for two months after her husband, when she and her children moved on to Princess Rink, Chicago. Her first appointment was as the Officer to whom she was then sent, she stayed for five years, being promoted Ensign. Amongst their appointments was the Training Home and the No. 1 Corps at Minneapolis.

### Not All Easy

In her early days of service Mrs. Potter did not have it all plain sailing. While at her first Corps she received a letter from her father, in which he told her that unless she came at all, her one need not come at all. Her husband, however, won him over.

"Under fire" in the Editorial Office, the other day, Mrs. Potter sought for some early indications of the aptitude which she has since shown for the work of the Women's Social Department. "As a child," she said, "I was always pleased to be with our general work in my Corps, while much time for it, I used to do often sat up all night with a sick child."

While at Hamilton, Mrs. Potter took a course in nursing, and gained her diploma.

Her marriage with the then Staff-Captain Potter took place in 1897. The Brigadier's appointments were chiefly in connection with Trade Union Finance, in the States, till, in 1907,

he was transferred to Canada as Secretary for that side of affairs.

It is characteristic that one of Mrs. Potter's outstanding memories is that of the relief operations which were carried on by The Army after the disastrous flood which wrecked Galveston, Texas, when she and her husband were among the Officers dispatched to the scene.

### An Active Worker

While living in Toronto, Mrs. Potter took an active and leading part in the work of the League of Mercy. She also, for five years, conducted a Bible Class for boys in connection with the Riverdale Corps. Some of the members are now Officers, and a large proportion are on her three years at Hamilton she not only shared herself with wholehearted devotion to the Rescue Home, but found time with her daughter Alice, to take part in the work of the Corps.

Mrs. Potter will undoubtedly receive a very warm-hearted welcome in the West, and in the important appointment to which she goes under the direction of Commissioner Sowton, and co-operation of the Officers of the Women's Social Work.

When Ensign Minnie Cox was married to Captain William Green she had already a considerable list of appointments to her credit. Their united career included the Command of several of the leading Corps in England, and from 1887 to 1907, a number of Divisional Appointments, appointment to Hamilton Division, and in 1911, to Vancouver. In 1915 the Brigadier was brought to Toronto Headquarters. His long illness and promotion to Glory matters of recent record.

"He did not drink, and he regained his health, and then he felt he must try to do something again. He feared to go to the judges and ask for reinstatement, though I believed that the time would come when he would be reinstated."

### New Interest in Life

"He had a wife and four children to support, and in the meantime he came to me and asked for work. Requiring a number of men for temporary work on valuation, I employed him at 2s. 6d. (\$1.8) per day. He ment. He does his work well. He is doing it properly, and he seems to my surprise I received a letter from the Civil Service Commission that I had to dismiss this man, and stating that the Civil Service Commission could not recommend his appointment because he had been convicted of a criminal offense."

"Until Mrs. Brigadier Green saw The Army in the historic Theatre, Bradford, England, she wished she could have been a boy and as a missionary, she had been what she wanted to do. But that sight of Captain Polly Burnett, surrounded by notorious sinners who had been converted in her meetings, she cried out: 'These are the people who give women a chance,' and at once went to the Penitents' Form on the stage."

Mrs. Green is of a warm, impulsive nature and takes great joy in accomplishing her husband on all his tours, and while he was occupied with necessary business, she, with the Lieutenant or wife of the Officer, would go visiting the sick or the discouraged. In some Corps she



Mrs. Brigadier Green  
Who follows Mrs. Potter in  
charge of Hamilton Rescue Home.

thus called on every Soldier whose name appeared on the roll. Hospital and jail visitation have also had a share of her time, and latterly, in the gutter drunk. Four of the Scouts immediately went to him, got him off to the stretcher and took him off to the nearest Salvation Army Hall—about five minutes away. The Scouts of another Troop of the city, came across a man, two days later, lying bleeding on the roadside, having met with an accident. They went at once for their stretcher and took him to his home."

"Now, it could never have been the intention of Parliament that a man convicted of a criminal offense should forever be debarred from getting even temporary employment. The effects of a case should be inquired into and it should be found out whether the offense was grave or small, whether the man had reformed, and the like. There were hundreds of ways in which a man who had been convicted could be employed without placing temptation in his way."

### Will Be Reported

"If I send this man away, who will employ him?" asked Sir Frederic. "It will be said," he continued, "by the Administrator and his staff, 'Go! Either I must obey this man and send this man drift, or I must be reported to Parliament. Gentlemen, we are going to discuss this in the Executive Committee to-morrow, and I think we will be reported to Parliament.'"

## BURMAH

INMATES OF THE JUVENILE-ADULT INDUSTRIAL HOME ARE DOING WELL

Amongst the inmates of the Juvenile-Adult Industrial Home at Rangoon is—Ah Kine, a young Chinaman only eighteen years old, and yet three times had he been brought before the magistrates and convicted of theft, consequently he had become very well acquainted with the inside of Rangoon Jail. At one time he had to do four months' solitary confinement for misbehaviour. Up to the present time (last of the Indian "War Cry") his conduct has been exemplary.

Another is Nge Ba, a Burman, twenty-one years old. He is working out a sentence of six years, just over four and a half have already been spent in prison, the remainder of the term will be spent with The Salvation Army. Our Officer has great hopes for this lad, and believes that eventually he will make a fine Salvationist.

## JAPAN

LIFE-SAVING SCOUTS SHOW THE RIGHT SPIRIT

An interesting glimpse of the Life-Saving Scout Work comes from Japan. On a festival day, a march of about two and a half hours was arranged for the Scouts undergoing their course of training. It was headed by the Headquarters' Staff Band.

"It was by no means a mournful procession," writes the Chief Secretary, "and a few of our Scouts heard the music and came up with us as we were nearing Ueno Park. They caught sight of a working man lying in the gutter drunk. Four of the Scouts immediately went to him, got him off to the stretcher and took him off to the nearest Salvation Army Hall—about five minutes away. The Scouts of another Troop of the city, came across a man, two days later, lying bleeding on the roadside, having met with an accident. They went at once for their stretcher and took him to his home."

## INDIA

OFFICIAL REPORT SPEAKS HIGHLY OF CRIMINAL SETTLEMENTS

An official report on Criminal Settlement Work, by a leading representative of one of the Indian Provincial Governments, reads as follows:—

"The Superintendent of Police of every district where there is a Settlement has spoken of the unwearied devotion and self-sacrifice of The Salvation Army Staff, and for my own part, I consider that no praise can be too high for the unselfishness displayed by The Salvation Army Officers, and perhaps still more by their wives. . . . The change in many of the people indicates that they are not wholly ungrateful."

United States Pushing Ahead with Work for Troops

OFFICERS ARRIVE IN FRANCE—HUTMENT AND HOSTEL TO BE OPENED—AMBULANCES ALMOST READY—OFFICERS TO SERVE IN CAMPS WHILE WIVES HOLD ON AT CORPS

A CABLE has been received from Dis. at Wrightstown, N.J. The order is being placed in faith that the money will be raised by the Province. The cost of Hutment and equipment will be \$5,000.



Inside one of the disused forts which have been handed over to The Salvation Army by the Indian Government for use in connection with its work for the reclamation of the Criminal Tribes.

operated by The Salvation Army of the United States in connection with the American Expeditionary Force in France. The establishing of these two agencies represents an immediate outlay of \$17,000. The Colonel has also called asking that three American Officers with their wives be at once dispatched to France to take charge of this work. The Commander is now seeking the Officer who are to proceed with their first Salvation Army Contingent overseas.

The two Ambulances ordered by the Pennsylvania Division and by Baltimore will soon be ready to be sent across to France with the first Salvation Army Ambulance Unit. The Atlantic Coast Province has decided to place an order for the

Ensign William Black, of Pottstown, and Captain Charles Melting, of Philadelphia V. have been selected to proceed to Gettysburg to take charge of two Recreation and Rest Rooms for soldiers which are being operated by the Soldiers' Welfare Committee.

In order to secure the necessary quarters in the Military Camps without unduly interfering with the regular Corps' operations, Colonel Holtz has decided to ask a number of Officers to serve for one month or six weeks in one of the Military Camps, while the wives hold the fort at their respective Corps.

Two Officers from each Division have been selected for the first Contingent. When they have "done their bit" two others will take their places.

## FRANCE

WOMEN OFFICERS RETURN TO SHELL-WRECKED REIMS

The announcement in the press of the renewed bombardment of Reims recalls the fact that our brave comrades, Adjutant Carrell and her Lieutenants, are still courageously continuing their work among the inhabitants of the shell-smashed town. News from the place itself is non-existent, but Colonel Kitching, when in Paris recently, met the Adjutant, who was then out of luck, but who since has received permission from the military authorities to return to Reims.

In spite of the tremendous shelling—in one night, says the Colonel, 3,000 shells were thrown in and over the city—the horrible, deadly fumes from apocalyptic shells and all the other hundred and one terrors of war, our comrades still cling to their gradually diminishing flock of people, cheering, comforting, feeding, and protecting them. The sacrifices of these heroic women will make a thrilling page of history after the war. The Lord protect them!

## SWITZERLAND

SAVATION ARMY SCHEME FOR EMPLOYING HOURS OF BOREDOM OF THE INTERNED SOLDIERS

Boredom is the great problem which the Salvation Army has set itself to solve for the British soldiers interned in the Alpine Valley, says Commissioner Oliphant in "All the World." Time hangs very heavily on their hands, and our friends in Canada can imagine what it all means to be brought from the new life, excitement, and well-earned days of military life on to a mountain base, or into villages which can only boast of one long street. They can also imagine the temptations in consequence. Here, then, is an opportunity for The Army.

Our dream is that every man who can do something should have that something found for him to do. Already there are bookbinding classes, motor car lessons, a mat-making department, and so forth. What we want is a line of workshops, jamming with efficient machinery; if Switzerland there is water-power everywhere. Gardens ought to be cultivated, and there should be vegetable patches. Fields ought to be turned into cabbage patches and potato plots. Toy-making, the manufacture of envelopes, should all be in the air.

There is excellent slate in Switzerland and slate could be introduced into some schools. Wooden shoes are in great demand, and intricate machinery could be at once set up to make them. The Swiss Army would have money from their disposal for such an effort help the men.

## STRUCK OFF THE ROLLS

SIR FREDERIC DE WAAL'S REMARKABLE ARMY STORY OF AN ERRING SOUTH AFRICAN ATTORNEY—COURAGEOUS PLEA FOR PRISONERS

THE Administrator of the Cape Province, Sir Frederic de Waal, having recently a Congress of the South African Prisoners' Aid Society, related a striking story of the work of The Salvation Army, incident having come under his observation within the last forty-eight hours. At the same time he mentioned nobly for the giving of "another chance" to the criminal who, having paid the penalty for his crime, is desirous of doing the right thing.

Three or four years ago," said the Administrator, "there was an attorney of the Supreme Court who given way to drink, and more to drink than actual dishon-

esty, he failed to account for a mount collected of \$50. (\$10). His name was Sir Frederic de Waal. He refused to sign before the magistrate matter and offered the case came on, but the complainant refused and the magistrate was obliged to find the attorney guilty, and sentenced him to a fine of ten pounds (\$20), or three months' imprisonment. He served forty-eight hours in prison, and then his brother paid the fine, and consequently he was struck off the rolls and his name was gone. The man drank in the gutter. The Salvation Army took him to their home, and in twelve months they made a new man of him.

the hall was crowded to its seating capacity for the meetings held. In the afternoon Mr. W. Scott presided at the lecture given by the Commissioner. Forty-nine seekers knelt at the Mercy Seat.



No man can be wrong in hoping for the mercy of God as displayed in the sacrifice of Jesus Christ, who at the same time willing to obey God so far as he has ability, whatever may be the requirements be is conscious that God makes upon him the same obligations as he imposes upon others their responsibility. He may be quite sure that if they will it so, God will pour floods of light upon them, will discover to them their real character and condition, will break their hearts in pieces before Him, and lead them into the enjoyment of all the Salvation they need.

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## PRAYER TOPICS

1. Pray that Russia may give God His rightful place in the building up of her new Government. That The Salvation Army may be a vital force for truth in that great land.

2. Pray for our brave men who are facing dangers and death.

3. Pray for those in the home land who are receiving the heart-breaking tidings of the loss of their sons, husbands, and brothers, "at the front."

4. Pray earnestly for Canada's statesmen in these crisis hours in the history of our Dominion.

## STORY OF EARLY REVIVALS

By Mrs. Blanche Johnston

Surely the chronicles of the Acts of the Apostles were the "patient seeking to fulfill, the purpose of His everlasting will."

Our lessons in the "Guide" (Sept. 15th) are a wonderful record of the marvellous works performed by these heroic pioneers of the Cross. The story of Simon's avarice and attempt at commercializing the Gospel should be a lesson to all who seek personal aggrandizement through Christian service, rather than the glory of God and the good of others.

Philip's experience (Acts 8:26-40) is a wonderful example of the God who permits His children to be taken out of sphere of apparent great usefulness and whirled away into desert and lonely places. The lesson here for us is surely this, that if one is in the line of God's purpose, as Philip surely was, and guided by the Holy Spirit, as he was, God has a message for him to deliver. The result of Philip's being taken away from that great revival in Judah was that to a great part of another nation the glorious Gospel was proclaimed.

Perhaps the most dramatic conversion in the whole history of the early Church is found in the familiar story of Sept. 3rd (Acts 9:1-18). How thrillingly this great man is halted in his way. Evidently marked with enthusiasm, yet mistaken in his aim. The Holy Spirit marked his sincerity; his seeking after truth and stopped him in his own way.

How suddenly is the reversion of his attitude. This marks the sincerity of his life. When he saw the light and heard the voice he halted, and heard, and responded. We have a most interesting glimpse (Sept. 6th, Acts 10:24-48) of Sept. 7th, Acts 11:1-30) into the heart of Peter, Cornelius, and Barnabas.

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## Our Question Box

If you are in doubt or difficulty in regard to spiritual matters, write to the Editor of "The War Cry," Albert Street, Toronto, Ont. We are here to help you. We shall be pleased to do our best to obtain for you any of our readers' questions that may need. Write now!

The repeating of this treatise will enable readers to understand what The Salvation Army teaches on this important subject, and will also, we hope, help to clear the minds of any who may be mystified by some of the delusive theories that are set forth nowadays.

## VIII.—FAITH AND THE USE OF MEANS

1. It must not be taught amongst us that it is contrary to the Will of God that Means should be used for the recovery of the sick.

2. This is another serious error, and one which is openly pronounced by many of those who hold mistaken notions upon this subject—and to what I have to say with regard to it I ask your most careful attention.

## Enquire Carefully

3. In considering this aspect of the subject, I think it will be wise first of all to enquire carefully what is the ground that The Army takes with respect to the employment of means? The Army, as we have seen, and as you all know full well, is strong on the subject of Faith; but we are also known throughout the world to be strong on the question of Works. Where does The Army take its stand with reference to the employment of means in connection with the Prayer of Faith for the healing of the body? Let me show you:—

(a) And first, our position is not that God cannot dispense with beneficent power towards man. He could, no doubt, feed the whole population of the world, if He chose to do so, without any having to raise a hand out of sphere of duty. He could find some other means of doing it than those at present employed, or He could do it without the employment of any means at all. So He could heal His sick people, if He chose. The use of means, if He saw that it would be best to do so.

## Wonderful Things

(b) Neither is our position that God has not done wonderful things for His people in the past without the intervention of means or the employment of means. In this way He has sent calamities to their enemies to effect their deliverance; He has defeated or destroyed whole armies without the striking of a man; He has delivered His servants from prison, as in the case of Peter; He has healed the sick, as in the case of the blind man, and others of His followers in the Apostolic days.

(c) Neither is our position that God does not quote the use of means in our own time, when He sees it wisest and most useful to point out to His people. Memorandum, had abundant proof of this.

## Curative Processes

(d) It is important also to remember that the question is not as to the employment of any particular class or character of means. That is, it is not as to the rightness and desirability of using doctors, or drugs, or any specific curative processes. It is no part of the prayer of the Salvationists to take up cudgels for any particular species of physicians. No doubt, many men and women of the medical schools are highly capable, devoted, and laborious followers of their art as they have light, for the biggest welfare of humanity, even if others, belonging to the self-seeking class, are reckless of the welfare of their fellows so long as they can profit by them.

4. But that is not the question. Our discussion is not as to whether it is right or wrong to have recourse to physicians or to use drugs, but whether it is right to employ any means at all for the healing of bodily sicknesses. And the answer I make to that question is, that the neglect or non-use of such means as are within our power, and which, according to the knowledge we have, seem likely to alleviate suffering in sickness, or to help recovery from it, or to prolong life, is a very serious mistake—a mistake that is contrary to the teaching of Scripture, of Providence, of Common Sense, of Humanity, and of True Religion. And, more than this, it is a mistake which must, I am satisfied, result in disastrous consequences to those who make it.

5. Let me endeavour to show this a little more fully. Let us try to understand each other. We have admitted—may we joyfully recognize and declare the fact—that God does occasionally dispense with the ordinary methods by which He accomplishes His beneficent purposes for the race. We could not deny it if we would. But what we do deny is that in the Healing of the Sick, God has relieved man of the responsibility of employing such means as are within his power for the accomplishment of the object he desires.

6. God has laid down this principle of action, and has acted upon it Himself, by a few exceptions, in all His dealings with mankind. (a) The Redemption of the World—probably the greatest work accomplished by Jehovah in the history of the universe—was effected by the use of means. In this transaction God and man worked together for our Salvation. Jesus Christ, a babe of a woman, lived, suffered, and rose again to effect our Salvation, and ever lives above us in the session for a right hand to make intercession for us.

## Responsibility Remains

7. The funeral which took place on Sunday afternoon, was attended by a large crowd. Sister Mrs. Morris and her little daughter, from Woodstock, came to the funeral. Brother Blackney spoke of the Godly life of our late comrade.

On Sunday, Aug. 12th, Ensign May, assisted by the memorial service, conducted the memorial service. Many comrades spoke of the blessing the departed warrior had been to them. One soul came to God. Our brother leaves a wife and boy for whom we pray God's grace and comfort.

Brother White, Tilsonburg. There died (says the Tilsonburg "Liberal") in (says the Tilsonburg "Liberal") in his 83rd year, one of the oldest and most highly respected residents, in the person of James R. White, on Tuesday, July 31st, at his peaceful illness. He was one of the pioneers of this country and was born at Old Niagara, Sept. 4th, 1834. He spent his early years in his native Durham, coming to Tilsonburg thirty-five years ago.

The late Mr. White has always been a devoted Christian since 29 years of age, belonging to The Salvation Army for thirty-five years, under whose services he was buried from his late residence on Saturday afternoon at two o'clock. He is survived by a wife and two daughters, Dr. H. J. R. W. and J. S., of South Norwich; Mrs. Fred Sanders, of Deception Bay; and Mrs. Mary Forest Avenue, St. Thomas; also fourteen grandchildren, two great-grandchildren, and one brother, Sanford, of Tilsonburg, who is in the 94th year. The funeral services were held on Sunday, conducted the service.

Weyburn—Major Combs, visited us on Aug. 11th-12th, and we had good crowds all day and the meetings were full of interest. Many comrades themselves are receiving much blessing from the services.

Sister Mrs. Toreless, Seal Cove.

An old and faithful Soldier of Seal Cove, Sister Mrs. Toreless, aged 70, has been promoted to Glory. Although for some time the lady had been ill and unable to get to the meeting, when death came for her she had no fear, she was ready to go, and she died with a joyful expression, and she was right between her soul and the Heavenly Father.

The funeral service was conducted by Brother Smith, assisted by Sister Forsey. Various comrades spoke of the Godly life of our departed sister. At the graveside many were moved to tears. Our hearts go out to the sorrowing ones who mourn her loss.—K. Smith.

Brother Williams, St. Stephen, N.B.

St. Stephen Corps has suffered a loss through the death of Brother Arthur Williams. He was promoted to Glory on Aug. 4th, after nine and a half years' fighting in the ranks of The Army. For a short while he held the position of Corps Treasurer, and was a faithful and energetic worker up till the last few months, when he had to give up, much against his will.

The writer has visited a good many sick as well as being by the bedside of the dying, but have seen none who so patiently endured the suffering as our promoted comrade. His hope was strong in God; he did not worry; he had no fear.

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## INDUSTRIAL RESEARCH

AFTER touring the Western Provinces for six weeks, addressing meetings everywhere in the interests of scientific industrial research, and studying the capacity of Western farms, factories, fisheries, etc., for increased production under improved methods, the Committee of Industrial Research appointed by the Federal Government for this purpose, have returned East, and will shortly make a report to the Dominion Government. The Committee was headed by Dr. R. F. Ruttan, Professor of Chemistry at McGill University.

## CHEAPER FUEL DISCUSSED

ALL the important cities of the West were visited. In every city addresses were given to the Canadian Clubs and Institutes, etc., for the purpose of developing the country's resources to the limit was pointed out. All the factories were inspected, and the process used in each line of industry was carefully gone into with a view to finding more efficient means, where possible, of doing the work.

Cheaper fuel was also discussed, and the committee promises that its report to the Government will contain some valuable suggestions and findings regarding the use of lignite as fuel.

Professor Ruttan, in the course of an interview, spoke of the fine condition of the Western crops. Farming is doing more and more mixed farming, he stated. More live stock is being raised, and many thousands of acres have been planted to vegetables.

## DRIED POTATOES

POTATOES especially are being raised by the Western farmers, but the great drawback has been in marketing the crop. The committee suggested that this difficulty be overcome by drying the potatoes previous to shipping them to Eastern markets. The potatoes are put in a high vacuum, and all the moisture is drawn out, so that they are shrivelled like a dried apple. When boiled the potatoes resume their normal shape and size, and are as palatable as ever. Every vegetable, except beets, even cabbages and cauliflower, can be treated in the same manner, Professor Ruttan added.

## TORONTO'S NEW VIADUCT

MAYOR CHURCH has driven the last rivet in the Don section of the Bloor street viaduct, and thus assisted in the completion of a work that will cost the City of Toronto \$2,500,000.

There has been 41,600 cubic yards of concrete used in the construction of the Don section. The viaduct is 1,100 feet long. The two spans adjoining the end spans are each 240 feet. The centre span, just completed, is 281 feet 6 inches long. The deepest foundation is 46 feet below the general valley level from the deck to this level of the G.T.R. is 120 feet.

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## ELECTRICITY RUNS AMOK

A vivid display of the Aurora Borealis, or northern lights, was one of the phenomena, recently interrupted by communications over the northern half of the United States and all of Canada from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic Ocean, and even was felt in southern latitudes.

The phenomena became visible

## SEARCHING FOR "MISSING"

OF the thousands of families who have waited in dread anxiety for final news of relatives posted as "missing," few have known how much effort was being made to relieve their fears. The fact that the army contains a large corps of men who spend all their time searching for missing men is not generally known.

These searchers, now an import-

## CANADIAN ASSOCIATION

ARRANGEMENTS have been almost completed for the inauguration of the Canadian Association in London, England. The executive of the new organization will be composed of the High Commissioner, Sir George Perley, the Agents-General of the several Provinces, and bankers with a few other Dominion leaders. The main object of the new association will be to watch and promote Canadian commercial and financial legislation and the social interests which have the welfare of the Empire at heart.

A careful lookout will also be kept for however may at any time seek to exploit Canada at the expense of the good reputation of the Dominion.

## FIGHT PLAGUE OF MICE

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Australia has not yet acquired the electric system training to say, though New South Wales is in negotiation, and sometimes a stack of wheat will hold 60,000 sacks. The mice are eating the foundations and upset a whole stack.

In order to catch the mice, the stacks are surrounded by two low fences of corrugated iron. The inside fence is made with openings at intervals, where water tanks are sunk. A large body of men are then set to disturb the mice, which rush through the openings and are drowned.

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The prisoners were brought a distance of 2,200 miles without handcuffs or leg irons. Both were ministers at Edmonton on the charge of murdering Father Rouviere, but are to be put on trial at Calgary in regard to the death of Father LaRonde.

Sept. 1, 1917

## ELECTRICITY RUNS AMOK

A vivid display of the Aurora Borealis, or northern lights, was one of the phenomena, recently interrupted by communications over the northern half of the United States and all of Canada from the Rocky Mountains to the Atlantic Ocean, and even was felt in southern latitudes.

The phenomena became visible

## SEARCHING FOR "MISSING"

OF the thousands of families who have waited in dread anxiety for final news of relatives posted as "missing," few have known how much effort was being made to relieve their fears. The fact that the army contains a large corps of men who spend all their time searching for missing men is not generally known.

These searchers, now an import-

## CANADIAN ASSOCIATION

ARRANGEMENTS have been almost completed for the inauguration of the Canadian Association in London, England. The executive of the new organization will be composed of the High Commissioner, Sir George Perley, the Agents-General of the several Provinces, and bankers with a few other Dominion leaders. The main object of the new association will be to watch and promote Canadian commercial and financial legislation and the social interests which have the welfare of the Empire at heart.

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# THE WAR CRY

## OUR NEW SERIAL STORY

### A DAUGHTER OF SALVATION

In Which the Reader Will Learn How Grace Goodwin Found Her Heart's Desire

BY NICHOLAS WILLS

#### I—CHILD OF ACTION

THE old farm was situated eight miles from the town, four miles from the station, and more than a mile from the post-office. It was a typical homestead of the Fen Country, from which the reader will rightly conclude that this story opens hard by the East Coast of England.

From the upper windows of the old farm aforesaid (always) a fine view was obtainable. The evenness of the adjacent acres rendered the ascent of the quaint old wooden stairway necessary, but the climb was well worth while, as most climbs are, and the willing legs of



A typical homestead of the Fen country

Grace Goodwin, with a merry, mischief-loving laugh, makes her entry to the reader, were frequently employed (what time they were not hurrying their owner on some fun-provoking errand elsewhere) carrying her up and down.

Eminently Sensible  
Let us say at the onset that Grace, though of tender years, was pre-eminently sensible little person, and possessed an active and practical mind. As a rule she climbed the stairway in broad daylight, and the brighter the day the better, but it is also true she made the ascent each evening, though then it was more or less a state occasion, and she was appalled for her long journey to the "Land of Nod," and escorted by her nurse. In those known the familiar line:  
I am climbing up the golden state to glory,  
I am climbing with my golden crown before me.  
or realize what such climbing involved, and if she had known them she would have been too drowsy to have sung them, for the sleepy "dust" was in her eyes and her tired little limbs dragged heavily, like the chariot wheels of old Pharaoh's army, about which she loved to sing.

Now and then (how happy the memory after those years!) the heavy legs fell loosely down from beneath the big stoneware arms of Grace's father, the resolute but loving master of the old farm, and the seven curls nestled on his broad chest, and his big strong face (the face which could look to stern some-

times) gazed down upon her, Oh, so tenderly.

What beautiful memories come to her now of that climbing, and the times, when she was too tired to climb; memories which make the past a veritable bank of blessing upon which to draw cheques of help and comfort—a Heavenly reserve upon which there can be no overdraft.

#### No Dreamer

By what we have said the reader will realize that Grace went up the stairs to sleep. She was no dreamer. Waking and sleeping, she was the child of action. That the little mother of hers never found her sitting by the window betraying herself by her sighs and reciting—  
How I wonder what you are

Therefore, when we speak of eager movement of the little feet from the round floor of the old farm to the topmost story, it will be understood there was a reason for it, and that there was mischief brewing.

Grace went up to see things. It was so jolly up there, and we must not forget her happy-hearted sister, who always came up smiling in answer to a call of "Sis," and had many a good look out from the upper window. What a view it was!

#### Six Counties

There were great reaches of Fen Country which stretched seaward and inland, embracing six counties. Far away could be seen the old windmills and the browning kine, while here and there like silver ribbons, gleamed the artificial waterways along which glided the sails of phantom vessels.

That was the summer picture from the upper room, but every season and every day of every season had some change to show.

The picture which Grace liked most was the one painted by the well-known artist, Jack Frost, Esq. One day this great painter had excelled himself, and Grace went up the old wooden stairway to view the land—and to view the water.

"Oh, Sis," she cried eagerly, "see over yonder!"  
"Where?" said Sis, looking in the wrong direction.  
"No, not there!"  
"O—O—O!" ejaculated Sis.  
"Scrumptious, isn't it?" said Grace.

#### Keen Skaters

Right away over the vast area of dazzling whiteness, where the floods had been, were some black figures sitting hither and thither.  
"Skating!" squealed the two girls in a breath, and with a cry of triumph they raced pell-mell down the old staircase. Both Grace and Sis were keen skaters.

"I never remember when I

couldn't skate," says Grace to-day, to learn that this story will not end with a hole in the frozen water, and a warning to all and sundry to keep off the ice.

Like a pair of frisky young ponies just turned out to grass, Grace and Sis rushed into the nursery to Miss Grace, their governess, crying, "The



"Skating!" squealed the two girls

ice bears, and you didn't tell us! Now we know why you didn't tell us see the thermometer! Come on, we're off skating!"

"Yes," said Miss Grace, weakly. "Yes," shrieked the girls, jumping and dancing for very joy at the prospects before them. By this time the two young hopefuls stood ready, with their skirts in hand, for the long scamper over the crisp, glistening snow.

The little governess hesitated a moment, and was lost in thought. "It is a glorious day. It is wicked to stay here when we can have such a happy time," they said.

#### An Excursion

"Well, girls, it is a glorious day, and if you are very careful we'll go, for I know the ice is strong enough to bear, there was a lot of skating yesterday, and another hard frost last night."

"I know! I know! I know!" chirped Grace, running round like a demented terrier that had just been unleashed from its chain.  
"I know!" (repeated at least twenty times more with sundry jumps and numberless clappings).  
"Oh, yes! go to Horton's!"  
"We'll go to Horton's!" echoed Sis.

"No, children, you cannot do that; Horton's is four miles by the Great Drain."  
"Three and a half—and the Great Drain is frozen over—and we can be back before it is dark—Yes! Yes! Yes!" said Grace.

"Yes," said her sister.

The little governess was much harassed, and she was in a great way, for it was a day when the sun shone down upon the Fen Country like a giant, and the snow, glittered and crystallized like millions of millions of diamonds; save for the moaning from the distant sea, the least breath of cold wind, the weather looked sure to be cold good for the clock round.

What a scamper it was to get to the long stretch of frozen water! How ready with the feet were the Fen Country like mice, and the snow, glittered and crystallized like millions of millions of diamonds; save for the moaning from the distant sea, the least breath of cold wind, the weather looked sure to be cold good for the clock round.

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"Come on, chummy," said the little pair of racers, each taking a hand and pulling for all they were worth.

#### Youth Goes Faster

Presently they were all laughing together, and it was a merry little party that swept along over the blue ice. By and by "Chummy" lagged behind; skill and energy were telling against her, and Grace and Sis had to await her coming.

"Be careful there, Grace," said the perspiring little governess, as that daring young damsel skirted one of the many water holes at the bank side.

"The ice is broken a good deal here," said Sis.

"Yes, and some of it is very thin. It's where the people come down water. You see, they break the ice!" While they chattered they raced along, all unaware of the heavy bank of clouds that was rolling up. Soon the sun was obscured, and it grew darker and darker. Besides, they had been on the ice for some time, and it was getting late.

"We shall not be able to get to Horton's Farm, girls," said the governess. "See how the clouds are gathering, we must return." So they turned towards home.

"It's beginning to snow," cried Grace.

"Yes, a big flake fell upon my



"Come on, we're off skating!"

nose," laughed Sis, a trifle nervously.

"How quiet and lonely it seems out here; let's go home," said Grace, now beginning to regret the journey.

"There is a storm coming, girls; let us hurry for all we are worth," the little governess answered. All too soon the darkness fell, and the snow began to fall.

Sept. 1, 1917

#### OUTPOST OPENED

The Army Starts Work at Mimico

Among the latest developments at Lisgar Street (Toronto) Corps is the opening of an Outpost at Mimico, seven miles from the city. Captain and Mrs. Leech, accompanied by the Corps' Band, conducted the opening services recently, on which occasion the Hall was filled to its utmost capacity.

Last Sunday special dedication services were held. In the afternoon a large open-air was conducted on the lake front. The Band rendered special music at night, and Captain Leech spoke. A general consecration of the Hall followed for the furtherance of God's Kingdom in this part of the Vineyard.

#### BOWMANVILLE

On Saturday and Sunday, Aug. 4th-5th, we had with us Bandsmen Johnston and Dowding from the Temple (Toronto). On Monday we had our Junior Corps' Picnic by Lake Ontario, and both young and old spent a very enjoyable time. Captain Crockett and Lieutenant Kempt are in charge of the Corps.

#### PEMBROKE

Last week-end we were favoured at Pembroke with a visit from Adjutant and Mrs. McDonald, and the meetings were a decided success—spiritually and financially. In the morning the Adjutant's address was the means of much inspiration. At night Mrs. McDonald spoke on "Talents." Two souls surrendered.

Loe Cove—On July 29th Captain Keen farewelled, after a stay of eighteen months. During his term here the Corps had advanced in many ways. At his farewell meeting one comrade was enrolled—M.

## NEW PRICE LIST FOR UNIFORMS

For some time there has been a constant increase in the price of the cloth used in our Tailoring Department; indeed, during the last few months, it has been doubled. Up till now we have refrained from following the rising market, but have given our customers the benefit of the old prices. It is, however, impossible for us to do this any longer. We have, therefore, decided to raise the price of Uniform, but for the present the increase will be very small compared with the large advance in the price of cloth. These new prices go into effect September 1st.

For price, material and workmanship, these Uniforms will compare favourably with those made in any tailoring establishment in the country.

	2-piece Suit	Tunic	Pants	Vest
Cloth No. 5	\$37.75	\$36.00	\$11.75	\$8.00
Cloth No. 6	34.00	24.00	10.00	7.50
Cloth No. 7	33.50	23.00	9.75	7.50
Cloth No. 9	25.00	17.50	7.50	5.50
Grey Cloth	28.00	19.00	9.00	6.00
Cloth No. F107	22.25	16.00	6.25	4.50

	Vest or Caprice	With Crest
Cloth No. R2	\$6.00	\$7.00
Cloth No. R1	5.50	6.50

(Write for prices of Bandsmen's Uniforms, or other information required. All Trimmings Extra.)



#### COST OF TRIMMINGS, Etc.

Local Officer's and Cadet's Suit, \$1.10; Captain's and Lieutenant's, \$1.10; Ensign's, \$2.75; Adjutant's, \$3.50; Staff-Captain's, \$3.85; Staff Pairs, \$1.10; Bandsmen's Tunics, \$4 and upwards.



## HINTS on the CIRCULATION

by D. H. H. H. H. H.



NOTE THE PARTICULARS OF THE INTERESTING AND USEFUL COMPETITION ANNOUNCED BELOW

## PRIZE OFFERED TO BOOMERS

A DOLLAR BOOK FOR AN EXERCISE OF WITS

In order to help Boomers to an exercise of wits which will help the circulation of "The War Cry" the Editor offers a prize of any book on the Trade Department's Catalogue to the value of \$1 for the best list which will show what in "The Cry" of any one date is likely to appeal to the following persons:—

(1) Sergeant-Major Drive-on, a sturdy, intelligent Local Officer, who has the interest of the Corps at heart, and desires to do his share towards making it a live, red-hot, soul-winning agency.

(2) Brother Weakness, who has only been converted three weeks, and needs a lot of encouragement to keep him going. He is also very intelligent in regard to Salvation teaching.

(3) Sister Youngaughtiness. Is good at heart, but finds it difficult to settle down to anything serious. Has two brothers and a sweetheart in

France on military service. If her interest was attracted by anything in the paper, she would be likely to read on and probably get spiritual help and blessing, but the difficulty is to arouse her interest.

(4) Mr. Moneybags. Is all for business and has not much time for anything but real estate. Nevertheless, he has a good deal of interest in the native races of India because some of his money was made by a fortunate speculation in which a cattle plantation in Ceylon figured. Does not know much about The Army.

(5) Mr. Arthur Hardhands, a workman, who has Socialistic tendencies, believes in the brotherhood of man, and is a little puzzled because there is such a difference between some professing Christians and the life and teachings of Christ.

(6) Mrs. Homestead. Has a lot of household cares and "very little

Don't forget to send to the Editor that Boomer's Photo and an account of his or her experiences

time for religion." Likes to read a snatch of a sermon if she can keep awake on a Sunday afternoon. Has a son in the church choir, and once taught a Sunday School class.

The Competition will remain open till the end of September. Any "Wae Cry" between, and including, those dates August 25th and the last Saturday in September may be used in the church choir, and once taught a Sunday School class.

We suggest a good way to make up a list successfully would be for a competitor to take six sheets of paper and at the head of each to write the name of one of the characters described.

Next take a copy of "The War Cry" and, as you look it through, note down the reading matter or picture you think will be of interest to each.

The winning paper will be published, together with the names of competitors who merit mention.

There is one thing with which we think a great many will be surprised, and that is the ease with which items will be found in our pages which will be of real interest to any person, no matter who or what he or she may be.

Officers Appreciated

Our Officers at Gumbo, Adjutant and Mrs. Library, who have been with us nearly two years, said goodbye on Aug. 12th. The Hall was packed for the final meeting and many spoke of the blessing received from the Adjutant and his wife during their stay. The Life-Saving Guards sang a song together to show their appreciation. Our loss to Twillingate's gain. Both the Adjutant and Mrs. Library took an interest in the Young People's Work.



